HANDBOOK OF CONTEMPORARY CUBA

ECONOMY, POLITICS, CIVIL SOCIETY, AND GLOBALIZATION

Edited by

Mauricio A. Font and Carlos Riobó



eproduced in any or informational publisher.

Avenue, Boulder,

nd globalization /

5-7 (library ebook) nic conditions-(lauricio Augusto)

201300221

neets the standards Library Materials.



Contents

vii

Lis Tin	t of Figures t of Tables neline of Cuban History knowledgments	vii viii ix xii	
	neral Introduction Mauricio A. Font	xiii	
	Part I: Economy		
Int	roduction: Economic Liberalization	3	
1	Mauricio A. Font Perspective on a Changing Cuba	9	
	Mauricio A. Font		
2	Updating Cuba's Economic Model	22	
	Omar Everleny Pérez Villanueva		
3	Cuba's Evolving Public Policies toward Small Enterprise	36	
	Archibald R. M. Ritter		
4	New Forms of Enterprise in Cuba's Changing Economy	50	
	Camila Piñeiro Harnecker		
5	Foreign Exchange Constraints: Crisis, Adjustment, and		
	Gradual Exit	64	
<u>.</u>	Pavel Vidal Alejandro	0.1	
6	Sector agropecuario y lineamientos	81	
_	Armando Nova González		
7	Cuba's Agricultural Transformations: Moving toward	97	
	Market Socialism?	91	
0	Mario A. González-Corzo	111	
8	Tourism in Cuba: Barriers to Economic Growth and Development	111	
9	Hilary Becker		
フ	Cuba's Socialist Economy from Distorted Tertiarization to Market-Compatible Reforms	124	
	Alberto Gabriele	147	
	1 Hotel to Gabriele		

Co	ONTENTS		
10	Forecasting Cuba's Economy: Two Years, Five Years, and Twenty Years	137	22 North A David
	Emily Morris		23 Reinven
	Part II: Politics and Civil Society		Capabil J. R. P
Int	roduction Carlos Riobó	165	Conclusion Mauri
11	Cuba: Institutional Challenges for a Heterodox Reform Carlos Alzugaray and Armando Chaguaceda Noriega	169	Appendix: Ecc Janaina
12	Yvon Grenier	176	Acronyms and Bibliography
13	Margaret E. Crahan	191	Index About the Con
14	Indirect Confrontation: The Evolution of the Political Strategy of the Cuban Catholic Church Robert A. Portada III	203	
15	Miguel Barnet	219	
16	Sparks of Civil Society in Cuba: Afro-Cuban Cultural Production, Artistic Interventions, and the Struggle for a New Public Sphere Zoya Kocur	228	1-1. Sugar F 1-2. Main E
17	Clase versus raza en Cuba: la cuestión racial y el alzamiento del Partido Independiente de Color bajo la perspectiva anarquista (1902-1913) Amparo Sánchez Cobos	243	constan 1-3. Main E constan 1-4. Main E
18	1 7 1 (0.46 1	258	constan 2-1. GDP Ai 2-2. GDP St
	Part III: Cuba and the World		2-3. Agricult 2-4. Annual
In	troduction Carlos Riobó	273	2-5. Demogr 2-6. Populati
19	Mauricio A. Font	277	2-7. Growth 2000-2(2-8. Employr
20	Globalization and the Socialist Multinational: Cuba at the Intersection of Business and Human Rights Larry Catá Backer	287	workers) 2-9. Housing
21	La posición común de la Unión Europea respecto a Cuba: una reflexión crítica José Chofre-Sirvent and Carmen Antón-Guardiola	300	2-10. Exports: 2-11. Exports: (billions
	Juse Choffestivent and Carmen I Intole Character		

			List of Fig	SURES
nd	137	22	David Strug	316
			Reinventing Guantánamo: Cuba-US Biofuel Production Capability J. R. Paron and Maria P. Aristigueta	330
	165	Cond		346
m	169	Apper	ndix: Economic Indicators Ianaina Said	351
a a	176		syms and Terms	353 357
Cuba	191	Index	8.64.7	388 405
Strategy	203	11000		
			LIST OF FIGURES	
rit	219		LIST OF LIGURES	
Production,				
olic Sphere	228	1-1.	Sugar Production and Export in Cuba, 1960-2012	15
niento		1-2.	Main Economic Sectors, 1970-1985 (net output, billions of constant 2000 US\$)	16
a	243	1-3.	Main Economic Sectors, 1985–1997 (net output, billions of constant 2000 US\$)	18
ty and		1-4.	Main Economic Sectors, 1997-2010 (net output, billions of	19
,	258	2-1.	constant 2000 US\$) GDP Annual Growth at Constant 1997 Prices, 1997–2011	24
		2-2.	GDP Structure, 2000 and 2010	25
		2-3.	Agriculture and Industry to GDP Including Sugar, 2000–2010	25 26
	272	2-4. 2-5.	Annual Investment Plan, 2000–2011 (percent complete) Demographic Growth, 2000–2010 (per thousand inhabitants)	27
	273	2-6.	Population Aged 60 Years and Older, 1953–2020	27
	277	2-7.	Growth Rate of Labor Productivity and Average Monthly Wages 2000–2010	28
t the		2-8.	Employment by Economic Activity, 2000 and 2010 (millions of	20
	287	2-9.	workers) Housing Units Completed, 2000-2010	29 30
uba:	300	2-10.	Exports and Imports of Goods, 2000–2010 (billions of pesos) Exports and Imports of Goods and Services, 2000–2010	30
	300	2-11.	(billions of pesos)	31

Cuban Freemasons in the Development of Civil Society and Political Opening

Jorge Luis Romeu

Introduction and Background

During a 2006 Bildner Center symposium called Cuba Futures, several papers on the embryonic Cuban civil society were presented. They discussed a number of groups inside the island that ranged from Catholics to the Abakuá and from internal dissidents to the remnants of the small Jewish community in Havana. We noticed how such patterns were also present in other forums such as the Association for the Study of the Cuban Economy (ASCE). Somehow, researchers failed to recognize one civil society organization that has continuously existed in Cuba for over 150 years, with nearly 30,000 members, distributed among 314 lodges, in every province, town, and city in the country: the Cuban Freemasons of the Grand Lodge of Cuba (CF/GLC).

Several possible reasons exist for the omission of the role of the CF/GLC in the research literature of Cuban civil society: first, a poor knowledge of Cuban history and of its traditional institutions; second, an emphasis on dissident groups that oppose the current Cuban regime and a failure to recognize how civil society is not solely integrated by opponents of the establishment; and third, an existing prejudice against freemasons in general, something well studied and documented in several papers published by the Centro de Estudios Históricos de la Masonería Española (CEHME).

This chapter addresses two key research questions that have been ignored by most researchers of Cuban civil society. First, how can CF/GLC

const can (an op the fi our c

of ever of all mason States race, about and in

charac centui tury, a the tw

Solom appear builder and ca of mer philoso Soon, ment (

Free ington became sons alinstitut though for den to indiv

In m Masons celebrat they ha other di

ABOUT THE CONTRIBUTORS

Carlos Alzugaray (Ph.D., University of Havana) is a professor at the University of Havana and a Cuban diplomat.

Carmen Antón-Guardiola (Ph.D.) is a professor of public international law, foreign affairs, and law of the European Union in the University of Alicante. She has published a number of works on public international law and European Community law, including the Gibraltar: un desafío para la Unión Europea (2010).

Maria P. Aristigueta (Ph.D., University of Southern California) is a professor of public administration and senior policy fellow in the University of Delaware's Institute for Public Administration. She is the author of, among other works, Civil Society in Cuba (2008).

Miguel Barnet is a Cuban writer, novelist, poet, and ethnographer, whose works have encompassed several sociological and anthropological themes. He is author of *Biography of a Runaway Slave* (1966).

Hilary Becker (Ph.D., University of Havana) is an assistant professor of accounting at Carleton University. He has worked as an analyst with DuPont, Inc., and has consulted with the World Wildlife Fund, the MacArthur Foundation (among other organizations), and the government of Cuba.

Larry Catá Backer (J.D., Columbia University) is a professor of law and international affairs at Pennsylvania State University. He has published an edited collection of essays, Harmonizing Law in an Era of Globalization: Convergence, Divergence, and Resistance (2007).

Armando Chaguaceda Noriega (M.A., University of Havana) is a political scientist, historian, and social activist. He is a professor of history and political theory at the University of Havana. He is currently developing his

cial and Historical

nal law and Euroconsultant for the or of the Program the University of on his specialty.

r research scholar nternational and ver one hundred The Case of Cuba

director of the ssor of sociology ity of New York. 1es; for example,

Conference on blished, among m to New Form

ssociate profes-City University of Cuban and ni (FL).

al science at St. thor of, among Freedom (2001).

it scholar and 96). Her latest

at the Centre y (CLARC) at analyst, Latin Armando Nova González (Ph.D., University of Havana) is a professor and researcher at the Center for the Study of the Cuban Economy. He is author of a number of books and articles on Cuban economy and Cuban agriculture.

J. R. Paron (Ph.D., University of Southern California) is a retired US Navy Captain (O-6) fighter pilot and a senior research scientist for Dynamics Research Corporation. He participated in the Cuban missile blockade and made routine visits to Guantánamo Bay, Cuba. He is the author of numerous classified and unclassified publications related to public policy and national security.

Omar Everleny Pérez Villanueva (Ph.D., University of Havana) is a professor at the University of Havana and was director of its Center for the Study of the Cuban Economy. He has published several articles and books, including Cincuenta años de la economía cubana (2010).

Camila Piñeiro Harnecker is a researcher and professor at the Center for the Study of the Cuban Economy (University of Havana). She is editor and author of the compilation *Cooperativas y socialismo: una mirada desde Cuba* (2011). She is currently finishing her Ph.D. on the regulatory framework of Cuban state enterprises.

Robert A. Portada III (Ph.D., University of Notre Dame) is an assistant professor of political science at Kutztown University. His current research is focused on constitutional reform in Latin America and the role of private security companies in foreign affairs.

Carlos Riobó (Ph.D., Yale University) is an assistant professor of Latin American literature and cultures at The City College of New York and Cuba Project. Fellow of the Bildner Center for Western Hemisphere Studies (CUNY). He is the author of Sub-versions of the Archive: Manuel Puig's and Severo Sarduy's Alternative Identities (2011), among other books.

Archibald R. M. Ritter (Ph.D., University of Texas at Austin) is a professor in the Department of Economics and the Norman Paterson School of International Affairs at Carleton University (Ottawa). He has published a variety of works on Cuba including (as editor) *The Cuban Economy* (2004).

Jorge Luis Romeu (Ph.D., Syracuse University) is a professor at Syracuse University and a SUNY faculty emeritus. He directs the Juárez-Lincoln-Martí International Education Project and has published extensively on Cuban issues, including a demographic study of Cuban Freemasons in the twentieth century.